

# Intelligent Variable Annuity-Principal Mid Cap Blend Account

**Benchmark**  
S&P MidCap 400 TR

**Category**  
Mid-Cap Blend

**Overall Morningstar Rating™**  
★★★★★

**Morningstar Return**  
High

**Morningstar Risk**  
Below Average

Out of 1182 Mid-Cap Blend VA subaccounts. **An investment's overall Morningstar Rating, based on its risk-adjusted return, is a weighted average of its applicable 3-, 5-, and 10-year Ratings. See disclosure for details.**

## Investment Information

**Investment Strategy** from investment's prospectus

The investment seeks long-term growth of capital.

The fund invests primarily in equity securities of medium capitalization companies. It normally invests at least 80% of net assets in equity securities of companies with medium market capitalizations similar to companies in the Russell Midcap® Index. The fund invests in equity securities with value and/or growth characteristics and constructs an investment portfolio that has a "blend" of equity securities with these characteristics.

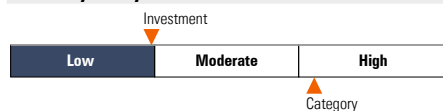
## Operations

Subaccount Incp Date	10-23-09
Undr. Fund Incep Date	12-18-87
Subacct Adoption Date	10-23-09
Prosp Net Exp Ratio	0.57%
Prosp Gross Exp Ratio	0.57%
Advisor	Principal Management Corp
Subadvisor	Principal Global Investors, LLC
Portfolio Manager(s)	K. William Nolin

## Investment Manager

Edge Asset Management has been a pioneer in the field of actively managed asset allocation funds and is a leading manager of value equities and taxable fixed-income securities. For over 65 years, Edge has built a reputation for performance and integrity. Its investment approach is defined by rigorous fundamental research and a value-oriented investment philosophy, to seek the highest risk-adjusted returns for investors through a broad range of investment vehicles and strategies. Edge Asset Management is an affiliated investment advisor of Principal Global Investors and a member of the Principal Financial Group, with approximately \$11.2 billion in assets under management, including approximately \$3.6 billion in institutional assets (as of December 31, 2008).

## Volatility Analysis



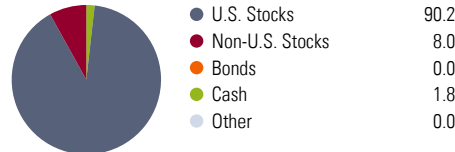
In the past, this investment has shown a relatively small range of price fluctuations relative to other investments. Based on this measure, currently more than two thirds of all investments have shown higher levels of risk. Consequently, this investment may appeal to investors looking for a conservative investment strategy.

## Morningstar Proprietary Statistics

	YTD	1-Year	3-Year	5-Year	10-Year
Morningstar Rating	—	—	★★★★★	★★★★★	★★★★★
Fund Rank Percentile	1	1	12	1	2
Out of # of Investments	1,363	1,363	1,182	782	175

## Portfolio Analysis

**Composition** as of 09-30-11



**Morningstar Style Box™** as of 09-30-11

Value	Blend	Growth	% Mkt Cap
Large	Mid	Small	0.00
Large	Mid	Small	33.83
Large	Mid	Small	57.70
Large	Mid	Small	6.66
Large	Mid	Small	1.81

**Top 20 Holdings** as of 09-30-11

	% Assets
Iron Mountain Inc	3.77
O'Reilly Automotive Inc	3.12
Liberty Media Corporation A	2.75
Brookfield Asset Management Inc Class A	2.68
Loews Corporation	2.61
Laboratory Corporation of America Holdings	2.43
TJX Companies	2.36
Markel Corporation	2.20
Franco-Nevada Corp	2.13
Williams Companies Inc	1.99
Discovery Communications Inc	1.97
Covanta Holding Corporation	1.78
EQT Corp.	1.78
EOG Resources	1.69
Clorox Company	1.50
Liberty Interactive Corp A	1.50
Gentex Corporation	1.47
Aon Corp.	1.46
Intuit, Inc.	1.37
Liberty Global, Inc. A	1.34
Total Number of Stock Holdings	93
Total Number of Bond Holdings	0
Annual Turnover Ratio %	21
Total Fund Assets (\$mil)	542.50

**Statistics**

	Port Avg	Rel S&P 500	Rel Cat
P/E Ratio	16.08	1.32	1.19
P/B Ratio	1.49	0.75	0.90
P/C Ratio	7.94	1.13	1.22
GeoAvgCap (\$mil)	6,707.33	0.14	1.58

**Risk Measures** as of 12-31-11

	Port Avg	Rel S&P 500	Rel Cat
3 Yr Std Dev	17.55	0.93	0.76
3 Yr Beta	0.76	—	0.66
3 Yr Sharpe Ratio	1.17	1.48	1.48
3 Yr Alpha	5.03	—	4.74
3 Yr R-squared	92.90	—	1.02

**Morningstar Sectors** as of 09-30-11

	% Fund
Cyclical	48.15
Basic Materials	3.60
Consumer Cyclical	19.64
Financial Services	19.45
Real Estate	5.46
Sensitive	33.33
Communication Services	4.27
Energy	8.08
Industrials	14.74
Technology	6.24
Defensive	18.52
Consumer Defensive	7.13
Healthcare	9.45
Utilities	1.94

# Disclosure

## Additional Information

All investment vehicles are subject to market and other risk factors, which could result in loss of principal. **Investment objectives, risks, charges, expenses, and other important information about a portfolio are contained in the prospectus; read it carefully before investing.**

## Prospectus Gross Expense Ratio

This is the percentage of fund assets paid for operating expenses and management fees. The expense ratio typically includes the following types of fees: accounting, administrator, advisor, auditor, board of directors, custodial, distribution (12b-1), legal, organizational, professional, registration, shareholder reporting, subadvisor, and transfer agency. The expense ratio does not reflect the fund's brokerage costs or any investor sales charges. In contrast to the net expense ratio, the gross expense ratio does not reflect any fee waivers in effect during the time period.

Also known as the Total Annual Fund Operating Expense Ratio, Morningstar pulls the prospectus gross expense ratio from the fund's most recent prospectus. Prospectus expense ratios reflect material changes to the expense structure for the current period.

## Prospectus Net Expense Ratio

This is the percentage of fund assets paid for operating expenses and management fees. The expense ratio typically includes the following types of fees: accounting, administrator, advisor, auditor, board of directors, custodial, distribution (12b-1), legal, organizational, professional, registration, shareholder reporting, subadvisor, and transfer agency. The expense ratio does not reflect the fund's brokerage costs or any investor sales charges. In contrast to the gross expense ratio, the net expense ratio does reflect fee waivers in effect during the time period.

Also known as the Total Annual Fund Operating Expense Ratio Net of Reimbursements, Morningstar pulls the prospectus net expense ratio from the fund's most recent prospectus. Prospectus expense ratios reflect material changes to the expense structure for the current period, while annual report expense ratios reflect the actual fees charged during a particular fiscal year.

## Morningstar Rating™

Often simply called the Star Rating, the Morningstar Rating brings load-adjustments, performance (returns) and risk together into one evaluation. To determine a fund's star rating for a given time period (three, five, or 10 years), the fund's risk-adjusted return is plotted on a bell curve: If the fund scores in the top 10% of its category, it receives 5 stars (Highest); if it falls in the next 22.5% it receives 4 stars (Above Average); a place in the middle 35% earns 3 stars (Average); those lower still, in the next 22.5%, receive 2 stars (Below Average); and the bottom 10% get only 1 star (Lowest). The Overall Morningstar Rating is a weighted average of the available three-, five-, and 10-year ratings.

## Morningstar Return

This statistic is a measurement of a fund's excess return over a risk-free rate (the return of the 90-day Treasury bill), after adjusting for all applicable fund level loads and sales charges. In each Morningstar Category, the top 10% of funds earn a High Morningstar Return, the next 22.5% Above Average, the middle 35% Average, the next 22.5% Below Average, and the bottom 10% Low. Morningstar Return is measured for up to three time periods (three-, five-, and 10-years). These separate measures are then weighted and averaged to produce an overall measure for the fund.

Funds with less than three years of performance history are not rated.

## Morningstar Risk

This statistic evaluates the variations in a fund's monthly returns, with an emphasis on downside variations. In each Morningstar Category, the 10% of funds with the lowest measured risk are described as Low Risk, the next 22.5% Below Average, the middle 35% Average, the next 22.5% Above Average, and the top 10% High. Morningstar Risk is measured for up to three time periods (three-, five-, and 10-years). These separate measures are then weighted and averaged to produce an overall measure for the fund. Funds with less than three years of performance history are not rated.

## Morningstar Style Box™

The Morningstar Style Box reveals a fund's investment strategy as of the date noted on this report.

For equity funds the vertical axis shows the market capitalization of the long stocks owned and the horizontal axis shows investment style (value, blend, or growth).

For fixed-income funds, the vertical axis shows the credit quality of the long bonds owned and the horizontal axis shows interest rate sensitivity as measured by a bond's effective duration (limited, moderate, or extensive).

*Credit Analysis Survey:* For corporate and municipal bonds, Morningstar surveys credit rating information from fund companies on a periodic basis (e.g., quarterly). In compiling credit rating information, Morningstar instructs fund companies to only use ratings that have been assigned by a Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization (NRSRO). If two NRSROs have rated a security, fund companies are to report the lowest rating to Morningstar. If a rating is unavailable or unpublished, then the security or issuer is categorized as Not Rated/Not Available. US Government Securities issued by the US Treasury or US Government Agencies are included in the US Government category. PLEASE NOTE: Morningstar, Inc. is not itself an NRSRO nor does it issue a credit rating on the fund. An NRSRO rating on a fixed-income security can change from time-to-time.

## Risk Measures

R-squared reflects the percentage of a fund's movements that are explained by movements in its benchmark index, showing the degree of correlation between the fund and the benchmark.

Beta is a measure of a fund's sensitivity to market movements. A portfolio with a beta greater than 1 is more volatile than the market, and a portfolio with a beta less than 1 is less volatile than the market.

Alpha measures the difference between a fund's actual returns and its expected performance, given its level of risk (as measured by beta).

Sharpe ratio uses standard deviation and excess return to determine reward per unit of risk.

Standard deviation is a statistical measure of the volatility of the fund's returns.

## Investment Risk

*Foreign Securities Funds/Emerging Market Funds:* Risks include, but are not limited to, currency risk, political risk, and risk associated with varying accounting standards. Investing in emerging markets may accentuate these risks.

*Sector Funds:* The lack of industry diversification subjects the investor to increased industry-specific risks.

*Non-Diversified Funds:* Funds that invest more of their assets in a single issuer involve additional risks, including share price fluctuations, because of the increased concentration of investments.

*Small-Cap Funds:* Smaller companies typically have a higher risk of failure, and are not as well established as larger blue-chip companies. Historically, smaller-company stocks have experienced a greater degree of market volatility than the overall market average.

*Mid-Cap Funds:* The securities of companies with market capitalizations below \$10 billion may be more volatile and less liquid than the securities of larger companies.

*Bond Funds:* Bond investments are subject to interest rate risk so that when interest rates rise, the prices of bonds can decrease and the investor can lose principal value.

Bonds investing in asset/mortgage-backed securities are subject to prepayment risk, where falling interest rates can cause security prices and income to decline due to early prepayment of principal, as well as extension risk, where rising interest rates can cause securities prices to decline because expected prepayments of principal do not occur.

*High-Yield Bond Funds:* Funds that invest in lower-rated debt securities (commonly referred to as junk bonds) involve additional risks because of the lower credit quality of the securities in the fund, including the possible higher level of volatility and increased risk of default.

*Commodity-Linked Derivative Funds:* Funds that invest in commodity-linked derivative instruments may subject the portfolio to greater volatility than investments in traditional securities, particularly if the investments invoke leverage.

*Value Funds:* Stock selection is based upon the portfolio manager's assessment of fundamentals of the companies that he/she believes to be undervalued. This style of investing may increase the volatility of the portfolio and may not produce the intended results over short or long time periods. Larger, more established companies may not be able to attain higher growth rates of smaller companies, especially during extended periods of economic expansion.

*Asset Allocation Funds:* These funds seek to accomplish dual goals of income and capital appreciation by investing in a variety of securities in different asset classes. Many of these portfolios are structured as a "fund of funds" which is a portfolio that specializes in buying shares of other portfolios rather than individual securities. The "fund of funds" structure may have higher costs than if you invested directly in the underlying portfolios.

TIAA-CREF Individual & Institutional Services, LLC, and Teachers Personal Investors Services, Inc., members FINRA, distribute securities products. Intelligent Variable Annuity, contract form series TCL-VA2 is issued by TIAA-CREF Life Insurance Company, 730 Third Avenue, New York, NY 10017.

C48452